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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/995,149	ARCHER ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	CHUONG T. HO	2664				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appeariod for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the	e correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING II. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perior. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT .136(a). In no event, however, may a reply but the desired will expire SIX (6) MONTHS to the cause the application to become ABANDO	ION. e timely filed from the mailing date of this communication. DNED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on						
	is action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allow		prosecution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice under	•					
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-28</u> is/are pending in the applicatio	n.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) 1-10,12-22 and 24-28 is/are rejected	d.					
7) Claim(s) 11 and 23 is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examir	nor					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ac		ne Examiner				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre	*	• •				
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig	n priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	(a)-(d) or (f).				
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:		. , , , , ,				
1. Certified copies of the priority documer						
2. Certified copies of the priority documer	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the pri	ority documents have been rece	eived in this National Stage				
application from the International Burea	au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	_				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a lis	at of the certified copies not rece	ived.				
Attachment(s)	_					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summ					
2)	Paper No(s)/Mai 3) 5) Notice of Inform	al Patent Application (PTO-152)				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>03/06/03; 11/27/01</u> .	6) Other:	,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				

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1. Claims 1-28 are pending.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-10, 12-14, 15-22, 24-25, 26-28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Laxman et al. (U.S.Patent No. 2003/0091032 A1) in view of Osman (U.S.Patent No. 6,801,523 B1).

Regarding to claim 1, see figures 7, figure 9, Laxman et al. discloses a call processing system includes an access gateway (network access device) that has a local switching unit (original location). The access gateway (network access device), in operation, provides access to voice signals and data signals. The call processing system also includes a call feature server (control component) that has a host interface platform configured to connect to the access gateway (network access device) through a network (data network). The call feature server, in operation, provides call control functionality to the local switching unit (original location). The call feature server (control component) is configured to provide bearer control signal (signaling portion) through a packet network (data network) to establish a bearer channel (content portion) (see abstract, figure 7); comprising:

A control component (call feature server, see figure 7, page 1, [0012], the access
 gateway (network access device) includes a first ATM edge switch that connects

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the local switching unit (original location) to the network to receive control signals (signaling portion) from the call feature server (control component);

- A data network (ATM network, see figure 7) configured to communicate packets of information intermediate an original location (local switching unit) and a terminating location (local switching unit), the originating location being configured to receive a content portion (bearer channel) and a signaling portion (control signal) (see page 1, [0012]) (see page 2, [0016], the method includes connecting a network to call feature server (control component) having a host interface platform, connecting the network (data network) to an access gateway (network access device) having a local switching unit (original location) and receiving a request to route a call from the access gateway (network access device). The method also includes sending a control signal (signaling portion) from the call feature server (control component) to the local switching unit (original location) to route the call and sending a bearer channel control signal (signaling portion) to establish a bearer channel (content portion),
- See figures 7, 9, wherein the data network (ATM network) is configured to
 communicate the signaling portion (control signal) to the control component (call
 feature server) and the control component (call feature server) is configured to
 establish a connection within the data network (ATM network) intermediate the
 original location (ATM edge switching unit) and terminating location (ATM edge
 switching unit) responsive to the signaling portion (see page 2, [0016], [0021]),
 and

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• Wherein the data network (ATM network) is further configured to communicate the content portion (bearer channel) of the communication within a plurality of packets intermediate the originating location (first ATM edge switching unit) and the terminating location (second ATM edge switching unit) using the connection (see page 2, [0016], [0021], [0022], [0023]).

However, Laxman et al. is silent to disclosing a QSIG communication.

Osman, see figure 5) discloses a data network (IP network) configured to communicate packets of information intermediate an originating location (originating TDM switch) and a terminating location (terminating TDM switch) (see col. 7, lines 21-22, col. 6, lines 10-15); comprising:

A data network (ATM network) configured to communicate packets of information intermediate an originating location (originating TDM switch) and a terminating location (terminating TDM switch), the originating location (originating TDM switch) being configure to receive a QSIG communication (see col. 6, lines 10-15, this embodiment of the present invention utilizes QSIG / QVPN to set up a non-bearer related connection oriented call between an originating switch and a terminating switch. A non-bearer related connection oriented call allows the originating and terminating switches to establish a signaling connection between them without a corresponding B-channel).

Both Laxman, Osman discloses a data network configured to communicate packets of information intermediate an originating location and a terminating location. Osman recognizes A data network (ATM network) configured to communicate packets of

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information intermediate an originating location (originating TDM switch) and a terminating location (terminating TDM switch), the originating location (originating TDM switch) being configure to receive a QSIG communication. Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the system of Laxman with the teaching of Osman to provide a data network configured to communicate packets of information intermediate an originating location and a terminating location, the originating location being configure to receive a QSIG communication in order to facilitate the call feature server to send information flows to and receive information flows from peer call control entities.

- 3. Regarding to claim 2, Laxman et al. discloses an originating network access device (the access gateway 16) coupled with the originating location (first ATM edge switching device) and configured to tunnel the signaling portion (control bearer signaling) to the control component (call feature server 12) (see figures 7, 9, page 2, [0016], [0018], [0021], [0022], [0023]).
- 4. Regarding to claim 3, Laxman et al., see figure 9, discloses the data network (ATM network) comprises an originating network access device (the access gateway 16) and a terminating network access device (the access gateway 16) respectively coupled with the originating location (first ATM edge switching unit) and the terminating location (the second ATM edge switching unit), and the control component (call feature server 12) is configured to configure the originating network access device (the access gateway 16) and the terminating network access device (the access gateway 16) to establish the connection within the data network (the ATM network) responsive to the

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signaling portion (the control bearer signaling) (see figures 7, 9, page 2, [0016], [0018], [0021], [0022], [0023]).

- 5. Regarding to claim 4, Laxman et al. discloses the data network (ATM network) comprises an originating network access device (the access gateway 16) and terminating network access device (the access gateway 16) respectively coupled with the originating location (first ATM edge switching unit) and the terminating location (the second ATM edge switching unit) and individually configured to convert (see page 2, [0023] [0024]) the content portion and the signaling portion (the control bearer signaling) intermediate a continuous data stream format and a packet format (see figures 7, 9, page 2, [0016], [0018], [0021], [0022], [0023]).
- 6. Regarding to claim 5, Laxman et al. discloses the data network (ATM network) comprises an originating network access device and a terminating network access device respectively coupled with the originating location and the terminating location, and at least one of the originating network access device and the terminating network access device are individually configured to communicate the content portion using a respective bearer channel and the signaling portion using a data channel (see figures 7, 9, page 2, [0016], [0018], [0021], [0022], [0023]).

However, Laxman et al. is silent to disclosing a QSIG communication.

Osman, see figure 5) discloses a data network (IP network) configured to communicate packets of information intermediate an originating location (originating TDM switch) and a terminating location (terminating TDM switch) (see col. 7, lines 21-22, col. 6, lines 10-15); comprising:

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• A data network (ATM network) configured to communicate packets of information intermediate an originating location (originating TDM switch) and a terminating location (terminating TDM switch), the originating location (originating TDM switch) being configure to receive a QSIG communication (see col. 6, lines 10-15, this embodiment of the present invention utilizes QSIG / QVPN to set up a non-bearer related connection oriented call between an originating switch and a terminating switch. A non-bearer related connection oriented call allows the originating and terminating switches to establish a signaling connection between them without a corresponding B-channel).

Both Laxman, Osman discloses a data network configured to communicate packets of information intermediate an originating location and a terminating location. Osman recognizes A data network (ATM network) configured to communicate packets of information intermediate an originating location (originating TDM switch) and a terminating location (terminating TDM switch), the originating location (originating TDM switch) being configure to receive a QSIG communication. Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the system of Laxman with the teaching of Osman to provide a data network configured to communicate packets of information intermediate an originating location and a terminating location, the originating location being configure to receive a QSIG communication in order to facilitate the call feature server to send information flows to and receive information flows from peer call control entities.

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7. Regarding to claim 6, see figure 7, figure 9, Laxman et al. discloses the data network (ATM network) comprises an originating network access device (the access gateway 16) and a terminating network access device (the access gateway 16) respectively coupled with the originating location (first ATM edge switching unit) and the terminating location (second ATM edge switching unit), and further comprising an originating device coupled with the originating network access device (the access gateway 16) and a terminating device coupled with the terminating network access device.

However, Laxman et al. is silent to disclosing a QSIG communication.

Osman, see figure 5) discloses a data network (IP network) configured to communicate packets of information intermediate an originating location (originating TDM switch) and a terminating location (terminating TDM switch) (see col. 7, lines 21-22, col. 6, lines 10-15); comprising:

• A data network (ATM network) configured to communicate packets of information intermediate an originating location (originating TDM switch) and a terminating location (terminating TDM switch), the originating location (originating TDM switch) being configure to receive a QSIG communication (see col. 6, lines 10-15, this embodiment of the present invention utilizes QSIG / QVPN to set up a non-bearer related connection oriented call between an originating switch and a terminating switch. A non-bearer related connection oriented call allows the originating and terminating switches to establish a signaling connection between them without a corresponding B-channel).

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Both Laxman, Osman discloses a data network configured to communicate packets of information intermediate an originating location and a terminating location. Osman recognizes A data network (ATM network) configured to communicate packets of information intermediate an originating location (originating TDM switch) and a terminating location (terminating TDM switch), the originating location (originating TDM switch) being configure to receive a QSIG communication. Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the system of Laxman with the teaching of Osman to provide a data network configured to communicate packets of information intermediate an originating location and a terminating location, the originating location being configure to receive a QSIG communication in order to facilitate the call feature server to send information flows to and receive information flows from peer call control entities.

8. Regarding to claim 7, Laxman et al. discloses the data network (ATM network) comprises an originating network access device (the access gateway 16) respectivelay coupled with the originating location (first ATM edge switching unit) and the terminating location (second ATM edge switching unit), and further comprising an originating device (PBX) coupled with the originating network access device (the access gateway 16) and a terminating non device (switching) coupled with the terminating network access device (the access gateway 16).

However, Laxman et al. is silent to disclosing a QSIG communication.

Osman, see figure 5) discloses a data network (IP network) configured to communicate packets of information intermediate an originating location (originating

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TDM switch) and a terminating location (terminating TDM switch) (see col. 7, lines 21-22, col. 6, lines 10-15); comprising:

• A data network (ATM network) configured to communicate packets of information intermediate an originating location (originating TDM switch) and a terminating location (terminating TDM switch), the originating location (originating TDM switch) being configure to receive a QSIG communication (see col. 6, lines 10-15, this embodiment of the present invention utilizes QSIG / QVPN to set up a non-bearer related connection oriented call between an originating switch and a terminating switch. A non-bearer related connection oriented call allows the originating and terminating switches to establish a signaling connection between them without a corresponding B-channel).

Both Laxman, Osman discloses a data network configured to communicate packets of information intermediate an originating location and a terminating location. Osman recognizes A data network (ATM network) configured to communicate packets of information intermediate an originating location (originating TDM switch) and a terminating location (terminating TDM switch), the originating location (originating TDM switch) being configure to receive a QSIG communication. Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the system of Laxman with the teaching of Osman to provide a data network configured to communicate packets of information intermediate an originating location and a terminating location, the originating location being configure to receive a QSIG

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communication in order to facilitate the call feature server to send information flows to and receive information flows from peer call control entities.

- 9. Regarding to claim 8, Laxman et al. discloses the data network (ATM network) comprising an originating network access device (the access gateway 16) configured to encapsulate (converting) the content portion (control bearer signaling) and the signaling portion (bearer channel) into a plurality of packets for communication using the data network (the ATM network) (see page 2, [0016], [0018], [0021], [0022], [0023]).
- 10. Regarding to claim 9, Laxman et al. discloses the control component (the call feature server 12) is configured to map (converting) the signaling portion (control bearer signaling) from access protocol to another signaling protocol (see page 2, [0023], [0024]) the method includes receiving a request to route a call, converting time division multiplex (TDM) signals to a packet compatible format, sending the request via a packet network to a call feature server and receiving control signals via the packet network from the call feature server to route the call (see page 2, [0016], [0018], [0021], [0022], [0023]).

However, Laxman et al. is silent to disclosing a QSIG communication.

Osman, see figure 5) discloses a data network (IP network) configured to communicate packets of information intermediate an originating location (originating TDM switch) and a terminating location (terminating TDM switch) (see col. 7, lines 21-22, col. 6, lines 10-15); comprising:

 A data network (ATM network) configured to communicate packets of information intermediate an originating location (originating TDM switch) and a terminating Art Unit: 2664

location (terminating TDM switch), the originating location (originating TDM switch) being configure to receive a QSIG communication (see col. 6, lines 10-15, this embodiment of the present invention utilizes QSIG / QVPN to set up a non-bearer related connection oriented call between an originating switch and a terminating switch. A non-bearer related connection oriented call allows the originating and terminating switches to establish a signaling connection between them without a corresponding B-channel).

Both Laxman, Osman discloses a data network configured to communicate packets of information intermediate an originating location and a terminating location. Osman recognizes A data network (ATM network) configured to communicate packets of information intermediate an originating location (originating TDM switch) and a terminating location (terminating TDM switch), the originating location (originating TDM switch) being configure to receive a QSIG communication. Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the system of Laxman with the teaching of Osman to provide a data network configured to communicate packets of information intermediate an originating location and a terminating location, the originating location being configure to receive a QSIG communication in order to facilitate the call feature server to send information flows to and receive information flows from peer call control entities.

11. Regarding to claim 10, Laxman et al. discloses the control component (the call feature server 12) is configured to communicate the signaling portion (control bearer

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signaling) to the terminating location (ATM edge switching unit) using the data network (ATM network (see page 2, [0016], [0018], [0021], [0022], [0023]).

- 12. Regarding to claim 12, see figures 7, figure 9, Laxman et al. discloses a call processing system includes an access gateway (network access device) that has a local switching unit (original location). The access gateway (network access device), in operation, provides access to voice signals and data signals. The call processing system also includes a call feature server (control component) that has a host interface platform configured to connect to the access gateway (network access device) through a network (data network). The call feature server, in operation, provides call control functionality to the local switching unit (original location). The call feature server (control component) is configured to provide bearer control signal (signaling portion) through a packet network (data network) to establish a bearer channel (content portion) (see abstract, figure 7); comprising:
 - An originating network access device (ATM edge switching unit) configured to receive a continuous content portion (bearer channel) and a continuous signaling portion (control signaling) (see page 1, [0012]) (see page 2, [0016], the method includes connecting a network to call feature server (control component) having a host interface platform, connecting the network (data network) to an access gateway (network access device) having a local switching unit (original location) and receiving a request to route a call from the access gateway (network access device). The method also includes sending a control signal (signaling portion) from the call feature server (control component) to the local switching unit

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(original location) to route the call and sending a bearer channel control signal (signaling portion) to establish a bearer channel (content portion) and

- To convert the continuous content portion and the continuous signaling portion
 into a plurality of respective content packets and signaling packets (see page 2,
 [0023], the method includes receiving a request to route a call, converting time
 division multiplex (TDM) signals to a packet compatible format, send the request
 via a packet network to a call feature server (control component) and receiving
 control signals (signal portion) via the packet network from the call feature server
 to route the call);
- A terminating network access device (the access gateway, see figures 7, 9);
- A control component (call feature server, see figures 7, 9);
- A data network (ATM network) coupled with the control component (call feature server 12) and having an originating location (first ATM edge switching unit) coupled with the originating network access device (an access gateway) and a terminal location (second ATM edge switching unit) coupled with the terminating network access device (an access gateway) and the data network (ATM network) being configured to communicate the content packet (bearer channel) and signaling packets (control signaling) (see page 2, [0016], [0018], [0021], [0022], [0023]), wherein the originating network device (first ATM edge switching unit) is configured to tunnel the signaling packets (control bearer signaling) to the control component (call feature server) (see page 1, [0012]); and

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The control component (call feature server) is configured to establish a connection within the data network (ATM network) intermediate the originating location (first ATM edge device) and the terminating location (second ATM edge device) response to the signaling packets (control bearer signaling), and the data network (ATM network) is configured to communicate the content packets (bearer channel) of the communication intermediate the originating location (first ATM edge switching unit) and the terminating location (second ATM edge switching unit) using the connection (see figures 7, 9, page 2, [0016], [0018], [0021], [0022], [0023]).

However, Laxman et al. is silent to disclosing a QSIG communication.

Osman, see figure 5) discloses a data network (IP network) configured to communicate packets of information intermediate an originating location (originating TDM switch) and a terminating location (terminating TDM switch) (see col. 7, lines 21-22, col. 6, lines 10-15); comprising:

• A data network (ATM network) configured to communicate packets of information intermediate an originating location (originating TDM switch) and a terminating location (terminating TDM switch), the originating location (originating TDM switch) being configure to receive a QSIG communication (see col. 6, lines 10-15, this embodiment of the present invention utilizes QSIG / QVPN to set up a non-bearer related connection oriented call between an originating switch and a terminating switch. A non-bearer related connection oriented call allows the

originating and terminating switches to establish a signaling connection between them without a corresponding B-channel).

Both Laxman, Osman discloses a data network configured to communicate packets of information intermediate an originating location and a terminating location. Osman recognizes A data network (ATM network) configured to communicate packets of information intermediate an originating location (originating TDM switch) and a terminating location (terminating TDM switch), the originating location (originating TDM switch) being configure to receive a QSIG communication. Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the system of Laxman with the teaching of Osman to provide a data network configured to communicate packets of information intermediate an originating location and a terminating location, the originating location being configure to receive a QSIG communication in order to facilitate the call feature server to send information flows to and receive information flows from peer call control entities.

- 13. Regarding to claim 13, see figure 7, figure 9, Laxman et al. discloses the control component (call feature server 12) is configured to configure the originating network access device (the access gateway 16) and the terminating network access device (the access gateway 16) to establish the connection within the data network (ATM network) responsive to the signaling packets (control bearer signaling) (see figures 7, 9, page 2, [0016], [0018], [0021], [0022], [0023]).
- 14. Regarding to claim 14, claim 14 is rejected the same reason of claim 10 above.

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15. Regarding to claim 15, see figures 7, figure 9, Laxman et al. discloses a call processing system includes an access gateway (network access device) that has a local switching unit (original location). The access gateway (network access device), in operation, provides access to voice signals and data signals. The call processing system also includes a call feature server (control component) that has a host interface platform configured to connect to the access gateway (network access device) through a network (data network). The call feature server, in operation, provides call control functionality to the local switching unit (original location). The call feature server (control component) is configured to provide bearer control signal (signaling portion) through a packet network (data network) to establish a bearer channel (content portion) (see abstract, figure 7); comprising:

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- Receiving a communication comprising a content portion (bearer channel) and a signaling portion (control bearer signaling) within a data network (ATM network) configured to communicate data within a plurality of packets intermediate an originating location (first ATM edge switching unit) and a terminating location (second ATM edge switching unit) (see figures 7, 9, page 2, [0016], [0018], [0021], [0022], [0023]);
- Forwarding the signaling portion (control bearer signaling) of the communication to a control component (call feature server 12) using the data network (ATM network) (see figures 7, 9, page 2, [0016], [0018], [0021], [0022], [0023]);
- Establishing a connection within the data network (ATM network) intermediate
 the originating location (first ATM edge switching unit) of the data network (ATM

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network) and the terminating location (second ATM edge switching unit) of the data network (ATM network) using the control component (call feature server 12) and responsive to the forwarding; and communicating the content portion (bearer channel) of the communication within a plurality of packets intermediate the originating location (first ATM edge switching unit) and the terminating location (second ATM edge switching unit) using the connection within the data network (ATM network) (see figures 7, 9, page 2, [0016], [0018], [0021], [0022], [0023]).

However, Laxman et al. is silent to disclosing a QSIG communication.

Osman, see figure 5) discloses a data network (IP network) configured to communicate packets of information intermediate an originating location (originating TDM switch) and a terminating location (terminating TDM switch) (see col. 7, lines 21-22, col. 6, lines 10-15); comprising:

• A data network (ATM network) configured to communicate packets of information intermediate an originating location (originating TDM switch) and a terminating location (terminating TDM switch), the originating location (originating TDM switch) being configure to receive a QSIG communication (see col. 6, lines 10-15, this embodiment of the present invention utilizes QSIG / QVPN to set up a non-bearer related connection oriented call between an originating switch and a terminating switch. A non-bearer related connection oriented call allows the originating and terminating switches to establish a signaling connection between them without a corresponding B-channel).

Both Laxman, Osman discloses a data network configured to communicate packets of information intermediate an originating location and a terminating location. Osman recognizes A data network (ATM network) configured to communicate packets of information intermediate an originating location (originating TDM switch) and a terminating location (terminating TDM switch), the originating location (originating TDM switch) being configure to receive a QSIG communication. Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the system of Laxman with the teaching of Osman to provide a data network configured to communicate packets of information intermediate an originating location and a terminating location, the originating location being configure to receive a QSIG communication in order to facilitate the call feature server to send information flows to and receive information flows from peer call control entities.

- 16. Regarding to claim 16, claim 16 is rejected the same reason of claim 2 above.
- 17. Regarding to claim 17, claim 17 is rejected the same reason of claim 3 above.
- 18. Regarding to claim 18, claim 18 is rejected the same reason of claim 4 above.
- Regarding to claim 19, claim 19 is rejected the same reason of claim 4 above.
- 20. Regarding to claim 20, claim 20 is rejected the same reason of claim 10 above.
- 21. Regarding to claim 21, claim 21 is rejected the same reason of claim 5 above.
- 22. Regarding to claim 22, claim 22 is rejected the same reason of claim 8 above.
- 23. Regarding to claim 24, claim 24 is rejected the same reason of claim 7 above.
- 24. Regarding to claim 25, claim 25 is rejected the same reason of claim 7 above.

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25. Regarding to claim 26, see figures 7, figure 9, Laxman et al. discloses a call processing system includes an access gateway (network access device) that has a local switching unit (original location). The access gateway (network access device), in operation, provides access to voice signals and data signals. The call processing system also includes a call feature server (control component) that has a host interface platform configured to connect to the access gateway (network access device) through a network (data network). The call feature server, in operation, provides call control functionality to the local switching unit (original location). The call feature server (control component) is configured to provide bearer control signal (signaling portion) through a packet network (data network) to establish a bearer channel (content portion) (see abstract, figure 7); comprising:

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- Providing a data network (ATM network) coupled with an originating network access device (the access gateway 16), a terminating network access device (the access gateway) and a control component (call feature server 12), the data network (ATM network) being configured to communicate a plurality of packets (see figures 7, 9, page 2, [0016], [0018], [0021], [0022], [0023]);
- Formulating a communication comprising a content portion (bearer channel) and a signaling portion (control bearer signal) (see figures 7, 9, see page 2, [0016], [0018], [0021], [0022], [0023]);
- Encapsulating (converting) the content portion and the signaling portion of the communication using the originating network access device (the access gateway) providing a plurality of respective content packets (control signaling)

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and signaling packet (bearer channel) (see figures 7, 9, page 2, [0016], [0018], [0021], [0022], [0023]);

- Tunneling (see figure 9) the signaling packets from the first network access device (the access gateway 16) to the control component (call feature server 12) using the data network (ATM network) (see figures 7, 9, page 2, [0016], [0018], [0021], [0022], [0023]);
- Establishing a connection within the data network (ATM network) intermediate
 the originating network access device (the access gateway 16) and the
 terminating network access device (the access gateway 16) using the control
 component (call feature server 12) after the tunneling (see figures 7, 9, page 2,
 [0016], [0018], [0021], [0022], [0023]); and
- Communicating, see figure 9, the content packets (bearer channel) from the originating network access device (the access gateway 16) to the terminating network access device (the access gateway 16) using the data network (ATM network) after the establishing (see figures 7, 9, page 2, [0016], [0018], [0021], [0022], [0023]).

However, Laxman et al. is silent to disclosing a QSIG communication.

Osman, see figure 5) discloses a data network (IP network) configured to communicate packets of information intermediate an originating location (originating TDM switch) and a terminating location (terminating TDM switch) (see col. 7, lines 21-22, col. 6, lines 10-15); comprising:

• A data network (ATM network) configured to communicate packets of information intermediate an originating location (originating TDM switch) and a terminating location (terminating TDM switch), the originating location (originating TDM switch) being configure to receive a QSIG communication (see col. 6, lines 10-15, this embodiment of the present invention utilizes QSIG / QVPN to set up a non-bearer related connection oriented call between an originating switch and a terminating switch. A non-bearer related connection oriented call allows the originating and terminating switches to establish a signaling connection between them without a corresponding B-channel);

Both Laxman, Osman discloses a data network configured to communicate packets of information intermediate an originating location and a terminating location. Osman recognizes A data network (ATM network) configured to communicate packets of information intermediate an originating location (originating TDM switch) and a terminating location (terminating TDM switch), the originating location (originating TDM switch) being configure to receive a QSIG communication. Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the system of Laxman with the teaching of Osman to provide a data network configured to communicate packets of information intermediate an originating location and a terminating location, the originating location being configure to receive a QSIG communication in order to facilitate the call feature server to send information flows to and receive information flows from peer call control entities.

26. Regarding to claim 27, claim 27 is rejected the same reason of claim 3 above.

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27. Regarding to claim 28, claim 28 is rejected the same reason of claim 9 above.

Allowable Subject Matter

28. Claims 11, 23 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance: the prior art (20030091032 A1, 6801523, 20020031112, 6950426) of record does not appear to teach or render obvious the claimed limitations in combination with the specific added limitations, as recited from dependent claim: "further comprising a private branch exchange coupled with the data network and configured to partition inter-PBX communications from existing PBX communications and to formulate the QSIG communication comprising an inter-PBX communication after the partitioning".

Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled "Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance."

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to CHUONG T. HO whose telephone number is (571) 272-3133. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00 am to 4:00 pm.

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Ajit Patel Primary Examiner

01/03/06